

Past Tense (Narrative Past Tense)

Regular Verbs

The past tense is frequently used in narratives and stories. The past tense of regular verbs has the following endings added to the stem of the verb:

ich	sag-te	Sie suchte es im Computer:
du	sag-test	
er	} sag-te	
sie		
es		
wir	sag-ten	
ihr	sag-tet	
sie	sag-ten	
Sie	sag-ten	



*Meine Lehrerin wohnte ein Jahr
in Deutschland.*

My teacher lived in
Germany for one year.

When the stem of the verb ends in *-t* or *-d*, an *-e-* is inserted
between the stem and the ending.

*Die Karte kostete nur ein
paar Euro.*

The ticket cost just a few
euro.

The following is a list of the most important regular verbs that you
have already learned:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| basteln to do (handi)crafts | machen to do |
| bedienen to wait on | mähen to mow |
| sich beeilen to hurry | meinen to mean |
| begrüßen to greet | packen to pack |
| besichtigen to visit, view | parken to park |
| besuchen to visit | passen to fit |
| bezahlen to pay | passieren to happen |
| brauchen to need | planen to plan |
| dauern to take, last | regnen to rain |
| decken to cover (set table) | reisen to travel |
| fotografieren to take
pictures | sagen to say |
| sich freuen auf to look
forward to | sammeln to collect |
| glauben to believe | schenken to give a present |
| holen to get, fetch | schicken to send |
| hören to hear, listen to | schmecken to taste |
| sich interessieren für to be
interested in | schneien to snow |
| interviewen to interview | spielen to play |
| jubeln to cheer | spülen to wash, rinse |
| kaufen to buy | tanzen to dance |
| klingeln to ring (bell) | üben to practice |
| lächeln to smile | wandern to hike |
| landen to land | warten to wait |
| lernen to learn | wohnen to live |
| | wünschen to wish |
| | zeigen to show,
demonstrate |